SENATE BILL No. 128

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 22-1-1-8; IC 22-2-14; IC 34-11-2-13.

Synopsis: Equivalent jobs and wage discrimination. Provides that an employer may not discriminate against an employee on the basis of sex, race, or national origin by paying a wage less than the wage paid to an employee of another sex, race, or national origin for work in an equivalent job. Requires an employer to keep certain records of wages paid to an employee and to provide certain documentation to the employee, including an annual statement of how the wages were calculated. Requires the department of labor to adopt rules, including specification of certain criteria for determining whether a job is dominated by employees of one sex, a particular race, or a particular national origin. Allows an employee claiming wage discrimination to file a complaint with the civil rights commission. Authorizes a civil action against an employer that fails to comply with certain wage reporting requirements or that takes certain discriminatory actions. Provides for damages against the employer in certain circumstances. Makes conforming changes.

Effective: Upon passage.

Mrvan

January 8, 2008, read first time and referred to Committee on Pensions and Labor.



Second Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2008)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2007 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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SENATE BILL No. 128

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and safety.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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- SECTION 1. IC 22-1-1-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. The commissioner of labor may do the following:
 - (1) Make or cause to be made all necessary inspections to see that all of the laws and rules enacted or adopted for that purpose and that the department is required to enforce are promptly and effectively administered and executed.
 - (2) Collect, collate, and publish statistical and other information relating to working conditions in this state and to the enforcement of this chapter and IC 22-2-14 and such rules as may be necessary to the advancement of the purposes of this chapter, but no publicity of any information involving the name or identity of any employer, employee, or other person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation shall be given. It shall be unlawful for the commissioner or any person to divulge, or to make known in any way not provided by law, to any person the operation, style of work, or apparatus of any employer, or the amount or sources of



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1	income, profits, losses, expenditures, or any part thereof obtained
2	by him the commissioner or other person in the discharge of his
3	official duties.
4	(3) Except as otherwise provided by law, employ, promote, and
5	remove clerks, inspectors, and other employees as needed or as
6	the service of the department of labor may require, and with the
7	approval of the governor, within the appropriation therefor,
8	provided, fix their compensation and to assign to them their
9	duties. Employees of the department are covered by IC 4-15-2.
10	(4) Promote the voluntary arbitration, mediation, and conciliation
11	of disputes between employers and employees, for the purpose of
12	avoiding strikes, lockouts, boycotts, blacklists, discrimination,
13	and legal proceedings in matters of employment. The
14	commissioner may appoint temporary boards of arbitration,
15	provide for the payment of the necessary expenses of the boards,
16	order reasonable compensation paid to each member engaged in
17	arbitration, prescribe and adopt rules of procedure for arbitration
18	boards, conduct investigations and hearings, publish reports and
19	advertisements, and do all other things convenient and necessary
20	to accomplish the purpose of this chapter. The commissioner may
21	designate an employee of the department to act as chief mediator
22	and may detail other employees, from time to time, to act as his
23	assistants for the purpose of executing this chapter. Any employee
24	of the department who may act on a temporary board shall serve
25	without extra compensation.
26	SECTION 2. IC 22-2-14 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
27	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON
28	PASSAGE]:
29	Chapter 14. Wage Discrimination
30	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "department" refers to the
31	department of labor created by IC 22-1-1.
32	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "employee" means an individual
33	employed by an employer. The term does not include an employee
34	employed by an employer for less than three (3) months.
35	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "employer" means a person
36	employing at least six (6) employees within Indiana. The term does
37	not include a nonprofit corporation or association that is exempt
38	from federal income taxation under any of the following sections
39	of the Internal Revenue Code:
40	(1) Section 501(c)(3).
41	(2) Section $501(c)(4)(A)$.



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(3) Section 501(c)(7).

1	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "equivalent jobs" means jobs or	
2	occupations that are:	
3	(1) equal within the meaning of the federal Equal Pay Act of	
4	1963 (29 U.S.C. 206(d)); or	
5	(2) dissimilar but whose qualifications are equivalent, when	
6	viewed as a composite of:	
7	(A) skills;	
8	(B) effort;	
9	(C) responsibility; and	
0	(D) working conditions.	
.1	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "Internal Revenue Code" has the	
2	meaning set forth in IC 6-3-1-11.	
3	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "labor organization" has the	
4	meaning set forth in 29 U.S.C. 206(d)(4).	
5	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "market rate" means the rate	
6	that employers within a prescribed geographic area actually pay	
7	or are reported to pay for specific jobs, as determined by:	
8	(1) formal or informal survey;	
9	(2) wage study; or	
20	(3) other means.	
21	Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "person" means an individual, a	
22	partnership, an association, an organization, a limited liability	
23	company, a corporation, a labor organization, a cooperative, a	
24	fiduciary trustee, a trustee in bankruptcy, a receiver, the state, a	_
2.5	municipal corporation (as defined in IC 36-1-2-10), or a legal	
26	representative of any of these persons.	
27	Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "wages" means compensation in	
28	a form that an employer provides to an employee in return for	V
29	work performed or services rendered, including:	
0	(1) base pay;	
31	(2) a bonus;	
32	(3) a commission;	
3	(4) an award;	
4	(5) tips; or	
55	(6) nonmonetary compensation if:	
66	(A) it is provided instead of or in addition to monetary	
57	compensation; and	
8	(B) it has economic value to the employee.	
19	Sec. 10. An employer may not discriminate among employees on	
0	the basis of sex, race, or national origin by paying wages to	
1	employees:	
12	(1) at a rate or compensation less than the rate or	



1	compensation paid to employees of the opposite sex, a	
2	different race, or a dissimilar national origin for work in an	
3	equivalent job; or	
4	(2) in a job that is dominated by employees of one (1) sex, a	
5	particular race, or a particular national origin, at a rate or	
6	compensation less than the rate or compensation at which the	
7	employer pays to employees in an equivalent job that is	
8	dominated by employees of the opposite sex, a different race,	
9	or a dissimilar national origin.	
10	Sec. 11. Notwithstanding section 10 of this chapter, an employer	1
11	may pay different wages to employees if the payments are made	
12	under a:	
13	(1) seniority or merit system;	
14	(2) system that measures earnings by quantity or quality of	
15	production; or	
16	(3) differential based on any factor other than sex, race, or	4
17	national origin.	
18	Sec. 12. An employer that pays different wages in violation of	
19	section 10 of this chapter may not reduce the wages of an employee	
20	to comply with section 10 of this chapter.	
21	Sec. 13. A labor organization or an agent of a labor organization	
22	representing employees subject to this chapter may not cause or	
23	attempt to cause an employer to discriminate against an employee	
24	in violation of section 10 of this chapter.	
25	Sec. 14. The department shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to	
26	implement this chapter. The rules must include criteria for	
27	determining whether a job is dominated by employees of one (1)	1
28	sex, a particular race, or a particular national origin. The criteria	,
29	for determination must include:	
30	(1) whether the job has been formally classified or	
31	traditionally considered to be performed by:	
32	(A) a man or a woman; and	
33	(B) a Caucasian or a member of a minority race;	
34	(2) whether there is a history of discrimination against women	
35	or individuals of a particular race or a particular national	
36	origin regarding wages, assignment, access to jobs, or other	
37	terms or conditions of employment;	
38	(3) the demographic composition of the workforce in	
39	equivalent jobs; and	
40	(4) a determination of the geographic area used in	
41	determining market rates.	
42	The rules must provide a time frame for retention of records by the	



1	employer concerning the wages paid to a specific employee and the
2	method, system, calculations, and bases used to establish, adjust,
3	and determine the wages paid to the employees of the employer.
4	The rules must provide for protection of the privacy of employees
5	and must require that reports not include the names of employees
6	or other identifying information.
7	Sec. 15. (a) Upon commencement of an employee's employment
8	and at least annually thereafter, an employer shall provide to the
9	employee a written statement informing the employee of the job
10	title of the employee, the employee's wage, and how the employee's
11	wage is calculated.
12	(b) An employer shall make and preserve records, as required
13	by rules adopted under section 14 of this chapter, that document
14	the wages paid to employees and support the method, system,
15	calculations, and bases used to establish, adjust, and determine the
16	wages paid to employees.
17	(c) An employer shall preserve the records for the period
18	required by rules adopted under section 14 of this chapter and
19	shall make reports from the records as requested by the
20	department.
21	Sec. 16. Subject to the limitations under IC 22-1-1-8(2), the
22	department may use the information and data from reports
23	submitted under section 15(c) of this chapter for statistical and
24	research purposes.
25	Sec. 17. It is an unfair employment practice for an employer to:
26	(1) take adverse action or otherwise discriminate against a
27	person because the person:
28	(A) has opposed an act or practice made unlawful by this
29	chapter;
30	(B) has sought to enforce rights protected under this
31	chapter; or
32	(C) has testified, assisted, or participated in an
33	investigation, a hearing, or another proceeding to enforce
34	this chapter; or
35	(2) discharge, discriminate against, coerce, intimidate,
36	threaten, or interfere with an employee or another person
37	because:
38	(A) the employee inquired about, disclosed, compared, or
39	discussed the employee's wages or the wages of another
40	employee; or
41	(B) the employee exercised, aided, or encouraged another
42	person to exercise a right granted or protected by this



1	chapter.
2	Sec. 18. An aggrieved employee may file a complaint with the
3	civil rights commission under IC 22-9-1-6(e) if the employee alleges
4	a discriminatory practice under section 10, 12, or 13 of this
5	chapter. The civil rights commission shall determine whether the
6	complaint requires action to be taken under IC 22-9-1-6.
7	Sec. 19. (a) An aggrieved employee alleging a violation of section
8	15(a), 17(1), or 17(2) of this chapter may file a civil action in a
9	circuit or superior court in the county where the violation is
10	alleged to have occurred.
11	(b) The department may file a civil action in a circuit or
12	superior court in the county where a violation of section 15(b) or
13	15(c) of this chapter is alleged to have occurred.
14	(c) If the court finds against an employer in an action under this
15	chapter, the court shall award the employee or the department
16	reasonable compensatory and punitive damages if appropriate,
17	reasonable attorney's fees, appropriate expert witness fees, interest
18	on unpaid wages at the legal rate of interest, and costs of the
19	action.
20	(d) If in an action under this chapter, the court finds against an
21	employer under section 15(a), 15(b), or 15(c) of this chapter but
22	within its ruling makes a finding that:
23	(1) no substantive violation of underlying law has been found;
24	and
25	(2) the violation is the initial violation of section 15 of this
26	chapter by the employer;
27	the court may not award any damages or any penalties to the
28	prevailing party. The court may award reasonable attorney's fees,
29	appropriate expert witness fees, interest on unpaid wages at the
30	legal rate of interest, and the costs of the action to the employee or
31	the department.
32	(e) A civil action under this chapter must be filed not later than
33	two (2) years after the date of the last event constituting the alleged
34	violation for which the action is brought.
35	(f) The procedures and requirements for an appeal under
36	IC 22-9-8 apply to this chapter.
37	SECTION 3. IC 34-11-2-13 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
38	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. A civil action under IC 22-2-14 for a
40	violation of wage discrimination laws must be commenced not later

than two (2) years after the date of the last event constituting the

alleged violation in accordance with IC 22-2-14-19(e).



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SECTION 4. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a)	1
Notwithstanding IC 22-2-14-14, as added by this act, the	2
department of labor shall carry out the duties imposed upon it	3
under IC 22-2-14-14, as added by this act, under interim written	4
guidelines approved by the commissioner of labor.	5
(b) This SECTION expires on the earlier of the following:	6
(1) The date rules are adopted under IC 22-2-14-14, as added	7
by this act.	8
(2) December 31, 2009.	9
SECTION 5. An emergency is declared for this act.	10

